

Intent

Design and Technology is an inspiring, rigorous and practical subject. Design and Technology encourages children to learn to think and intervene creatively to solve problems both as individuals and as members of a team. It requires children to be active learners with the confidence to 'have a go,' and the resilience to persist with a project when challenges occur.

At Holy Trinity the Design and Technology curriculum combines skills, knowledge, concepts and values to enable children to tackle real problems. It can improve critical analysis, problem solving, and practical capability and evaluation skills. Planning is progressive and skills are revisited from Years 1 to 6 to ensure children have deeper understanding of concepts and techniques. Knowledge, skills and understanding are progressively built upon through each of the areas of experience of designing, making, evaluate, technical knowledge and cooking and nutrition. Within each discipline this has been provided through gradually extending the breadth of content, increasing the depth of knowledge and understanding and focusing on improving the quality of responses and outcomes. We aim to, wherever possible, link work to other subject areas such as mathematics, science, engineering, computing and art thereby enabling pupils to notice connections and patterns in their learning. We also aim to, wherever possible, build relationships with local businesses and members of the school community.

Through Design Technology children are encouraged to become innovators and risk-takers. High-quality Design and Technology education makes an essential contribution to the creativity, culture, wealth and well-being of the nation.

r In DT curriculum aims are:

To develop imaginative thinking in children and to enable them to talk about what they like and dislike when designing and making; To enable children to talk about how things work, and to draw and model their ideas;

To encourage children to select appropriate tools and techniques for making a product, whilst following safe procedures;

To foster enjoyment, satisfaction and purpose in designing and making;

To use ICT software to assist our designing and learning.

Implementation

The teaching of Design Technology across the school follows the National Curriculum through the use of Cornerstones topics and a dedicated STEM week. Children design products with a purpose in mind and an intended user of the products. Food technology is implemented across the school with children developing an understanding of where food comes from, the importance of a varied and healthy diet and how to prepare this.

Design and technology plays a crucial part of school life and learning and it is for this reason that as a school we are dedicated to the teaching and delivery of a high quality Design and Technology curriculum; through well planned and resourced projects and experiences.



Design and Technology is an inspiring, rigorous and practical subject, requiring creativity, resourcefulness, and imagination. Pupils design and make products that solve real and relevant problems within a variety of contexts. It is very cross - curricular and draws upon subject knowledge and skills within Mathematics, Science, History, Computing and Art. Children learn to take risks, be reflective, innovative, enterprising and resilient. Through the evaluation of past and present technology they can reflect upon the impact of Design Technology on everyday life and the wider world.

Early Years Foundation Stage

During the EYFS pupils explore and use a variety of media and materials through a combination of child initiated and adult directed activities. They have the opportunities to learn to:

Use different media and materials to express their own ideas

Use what they have learnt about media and materials in original ways, thinking about form, function and purpose

Make plans and construct with a purpose in mind using a variety of resources

Develop skills to use simple tools and techniques appropriately, effectively and safely

Select appropriate resources for a product and adapt their work where necessary

Cook and prepare food adhering to good health and hygiene routines

National Curriculum requirements at Key Stage 1

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts, (for example the home and school, gardens and playgrounds, the local community, industry and the wider environment).

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology

Make

select from and use a range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks, (or example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing) select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics

Evaluate

explore and evaluate a range of existing products evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria

Technical knowledge

build structures, exploring how they can be made stronger, stiffer and more stable

explore and use mechanisms, (for example levers, sliders, wheels and axles), in their products.

National Curriculum requirements for food and Nutrition at KS1



As part of their work with food, pupils should be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in pupils will also open a door to one of the great expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life.

Pupils should be taught to:

- use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes
- understand where food comes from.

In Key Stage 2:

Within key stage 2 key events and individuals that have influenced the world of Design Technology are teaching focuses that are to be covered.

The use of computer programmes and applications are also a key focus to be utilised by children in their design of their products.

National Curriculum requirements at Key Stage 2

Through a variety of creative and practical activities, pupils should be taught the knowledge, understanding and skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing and making. They should work in a range of relevant contexts, for example, the home, school, leisure, culture, enterprise, industry and the wider environment.

When designing and making, pupils should be taught to:

Design

• use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups

• generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

• select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks, such as cutting, shaping, joining and finishing, accurately

• select from and use a wider range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their functional properties and aesthetic qualities

Evaluate

- · investigate and analyse a range of existing products
- evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work
- understand how key events and individuals in design and technology have helped shape the world

Technical knowledge

- apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures
- understand and use mechanical systems in their products, (for example as gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages)
- understand and use electrical systems in their products, (for example series circuits incorporating switches, bulbs, buzzers and motors)



• to apply their understanding of computing to programme, monitor and control their products.

National Curriculum requirements for food and nutrition at KS2

As part of their work with food, pupils should be taught how to cook and apply the principles of nutrition and healthy eating. Instilling a love of cooking in pupils will also open a door to one of the great expressions of human creativity. Learning how to cook is a crucial life skill that enables pupils to feed themselves and others affordably and well, now and in later life.

- Pupils should be taught to:
- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- to understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed.

Impact

The impact of whole-school Design and Technology will be seen across the school with an increase in the profile of Design and Technology. The children will become problem solving designers who can produce innovative solutions to problems. The impact of the curriculum is monitored and assessed through: learning walks, lesson plan reviews, book scrutinies.



End of EYFS Expectations

Pupils explore and use a variety of media and materials through a combination of child initiated and adult directed activities. They have opportunities to learn to:

- Explore the textures, movement, feel and look of different media and materials
- Respond to a range of media and materials, develop their understanding of them in order to manipulate and create different effects.
- Use different media and materials to express their own ideas
- Explore colour and use for a particular purpose
- Develop skills to use simple tools and techniques competently and appropriately
- Select appropriate media and techniques and adapt their work where necessary

Key Stage 1 National Curriculum Expectations	Key Stage 2 National Curriculum Expectations
 Pupils are taught: to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work. 	 Pupils are taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design. Pupils are taught: to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials [for example, pencil, charcoal, paint, clay] about great artists, architects and designers in history.



Holy Trinity CE Academy School											
Progression document EYFS											
	3 and 4 years	Reception children	ELG								
Physical development	 Use large-muscle movements to wave flags and streamers, paint and make marks. Choose the right resources to carry out their own plan. Use one-handed tools and equipment, for example, making snips in paper with scissors. 	 Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace. Develop their small motor skills so that they can use a range of tools competently, safely and confidently. Use their core muscle strength to achieve a good posture when sitting at a table or sitting on the floor. 	 Use a range of small tools, including scissors, paintbrushes and cutlery 								
Expressive Arts and Design	 Make imaginative and complex 'small worlds' with blocks and construction kits, such as a city with different buildings and a park. Explore different materials freely, in order to develop their ideas about how to use them and what to make. Develop their own ideas and then decide which materials to use to express them. Create closed shapes with continuous lines, and begin to use these shapes to represent objects. 	 Explore, use and refine a variety of artistic effects to express their ideas and feelings. Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them. Create collaboratively, sharing ideas, resources and skills. 	 Safely use and explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. Share their creations, explaining the process they have used. 								



Understanding of the World	Explore how things work	
Personal, Social and Emotional Development	 Select and use activities and resources, with help when needed. This helps them to achieve a goal they have chosen or one which is suggested to them. 	

Holy Trinity CE Academy School Progression document KS1 and KS2									
Aspect	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Developing, planning and communicating designs and ideas	Begin to draw on their own experience to help generate ideas and research conducted on criteria. Begin to understand the development of existing products:	Start to generate ideas by drawing on their own and other people's experiences. Begin to develop their design ideas through discussion, observation, drawing and modelling.							



What they are		With growing	Start to	Start to	Generate,
for, how they	Identify a	confidence	generate ideas,	generate,	develop,
work,	purpose for	generate ideas	considering the	develop,	model and
materials	what they	for an item,	purposes for	model and	communicate
used.	intend to	considering its	which they are	communicate	their ideas
	design and	purpose and the	designing- link	their ideas	through
Start to	make.	user/s.	with	through	discussion,
suggest ideas			Mathematics	discussion,	annotated
and explain	Understand	Start to order	and Science.	annotated	sketches,
what they are	how to identify	the main stages		sketches,	cross-sectional
going to do.	a target group	of making a	Confidently	cross-sectional	and exploded
0 0	for what they	product.	make labelled	and exploded	diagrams,
Understand	intend to		drawings from	diagrams,	prototypes,
how to identify	design and	Identify a	different views	prototypes,	pattern pieces
a target group	make based	purpose and	showing specific	pattern pieces	and CAD.
for what they	on a design	establish criteria	features.	and CAD.	
intend to	criteria.	for a successful			Use research
design and		product.	Develop a clear	Begin to use	and develop
make based	Develop their		idea of what has	research and	design criteria
on a design	ideas through	Understand how	to be done,	develop	to inform the
criteria.	talk and	well products	planning how to	design criteria	design of
	drawings and	have been	use materials,	to inform the	innovative,
Begin to	label parts	designed,	equipment and	design of	functional,
develop their	Make	made, what	processes, and	innovative,	appealing
ideas through	templates and	materials have	suggesting	functional,	products that
talk and	mock ups of	been used and	alternative	appealing	are fit for
drawings.	their ideas in	the construction	methods of	products that	purpose.
Make	card and	technique.	making, if the	are fit for	
templates and	paper or using		first attempts	purpose.	Accurately
mock ups of	ICT.	Learn about	fail.		apply a range
their ideas in		inventors,		With growing	of finishing
card and		designers,	Identify the	confidence	techniques,
paper or using		engineers,	strengths and	apply a range	including those
ICT.		chefs and	areas for	of finishing	from art and
		manufacturers	development in	techniques,	design.
		who have	their ideas and	including those	
		developed	products.		



	ground-breaking products. Start to	When planning consider the views of others.	from art and design Draw up a	Draw up a specification for their design- link
	understand whether	including intended users,	specification for their	with Mathematics
	products can be recycled or	to improve their work.	design- link with	and Science.
	reused. Know to make drawings with	Learn about	Mathematics and Science.	Plan the order of their work, choosing
	labels when designing.	designers, engineers, chefs and	Use results of investigations, information	appropriate materials, tools and
	When planning explain their	manufacturers who have	sources, including ICT	techniques.
	materials and components	ground-breaking products.	developing design ideas.	alternative methods of
	function and aesthetics.	When planning explain their choice of	With growing confidence select	first attempts fail. Identify the
		materials and components	appropriate materials,	strengths and areas for
		according to function and aesthetic.	tools and techniques.	development in their ideas and products.
			Start to understand bow much	Know how
			products cost to make, how	cost to make, how
			sustainable and innovative they are and	sustainable and innovative they are and
			the impact	the impact



		products have beyond their intended purpose.	products have beyond their intended purpose.



Working with						
tools and	Begin to make	Begin to select	Select a wider	Select a wider	Select	Confidently
materials	their design	tools and	range of tools and	range of tools and	appropriate	select
	using	materials; use	techniques for	techniques for	materials, tools	appropriate
	appropriate	correct	making their	making their	and techniques	tools, materials,
	techniques.	vocabulary to	product i.e.	product safely.	e.g. cutting,	components and
		name and	construction		shaping, joining	techniques and
	Begin to build	describe them.	materials	Know how to	and finishing,	use them.
	structures,		and kits, textiles,	measure, mark	accurately.	
	exploring how	Build structures,	food ingredients,	out, cut and		Use tools safely
	they can be	exploring how	mechanical	shape a range of	Select from and	and accurately.
	made stronger,	they can be	components and	materials, using	use a wider	
	stiffer and more	made stronger,	electrical	appropriate tools,	range of	Assemble
	stable.	stiffer and more	components.	equipment and	materials and	components to
		stable.		techniques.	components,	make working
	Explore and use		Explain their		including	models.
	mechanisms [for	With help	choice of tools	Start to join and	construction	
	example, levers,	measure, cut	and equipment in	combine materials	materials,	Aim to make and
	sliders, wheels	and score with	relation to the	and components	textiles and	to achieve a
	and axles], in	some accuracy.	skills and	accurately in	ingredients,	quality product.
	their products.	Learn to use	techniques they	temporary and	according to	
	-	hand tools safely	will be	permanent ways.	their functional	With confidence
	With help	and	Using.		properties and	pin, sew and
	measure, mark	appropriately.		Know how	aesthetic	stitch materials
	out, cut and		Start to	mechanical	qualities.	together to
	shape a range of	Start to	understand that	systems such as		create a product.
	materials.	assemble, join	mechanical and	cams or pulleys or	Understand how	
		and combine	electrical systems	gears create	mechanical	Demonstrate
	Explore using	materials in	have an input,	movement.	systems such as	when make
	tools <i>e.g.</i>	order to make a	process and		cams or pulleys	modifications as
	scissors and a	product.	output.	Understand how	or gears create	they go along.
	hole punch			more complex	movement.	
	safely.	Demonstrate	Start to	electrical circuits		Construct
		how to cut,	understand that	and components	Know how more	products using
	Begin to	shape and join	mechanical	can be used to	complex	permanent
	assemble, join	fabric to make a	systems such as	create functional	electrical circuits	joining
	and combine	simple product.	levers and	products.	and components	techniques.



materials and	Use basic	linkages or		can be used to	
components	sewing	pneumatic	Continue to learn	create functional	Understand how
together using a	techniques.	systems create	how to program a	products and	mechanical
variety of		movement.	computer to	how to program	systems such as
temporary	Start to choose		monitor changes	a computer to	cams or pulleys
methods e.g.	and use	Know how simple	in the	monitor changes	or gears create
glues or	appropriate	electrical circuits	environment and	in the	movement.
masking tape.	finishing	and components	control their	environment and	
	techniques	can be used to	products.	control their	Know how more
Begin to use	based on own	create functional		products.	complex
simple finishing	ideas.	products.	Understand how		electrical circuits
techniques to			to reinforce and	Understand that	and components
improve the		Measure, mark	strengthen a 3D	mechanical and	can be used to
appearance of		out, cut, score	framework.	electrical	create functional
their product.		and assemble		systems have an	products and
		components with	Now sew using a	input, process	how to program
		more accuracy.	range of different	and output.	a computer to
			stitches, to weave	Begin to	monitor changes
		Start to work	and knit.	measure and	in the
		safely and		mark out more	environment and
		accurately with a	Demonstrate how	accurately.	control their
		range of simple	to measure, tape		products.
		tools.	or pin, cut and join	Demonstrate	
			fabric with some	how to use skills	Know how to
		Start to think	accuracy.	in using different	reinforce and
		about their ideas		tools and	strengthen a 3D
		as they make	Begin to use	equipment safely	framework.
		progress and be	finishing	and accurately	Understand that
		willing to change	techniques to		mechanical and
		things if this helps	strengthen and	With growing	electrical
		them to improve	improve the	confidence cut	systems have an
		their work.	appearance of	and join with	input, process
			their product	accuracy to	and output.
		Start to measure,	using a range of	ensure a good-	
		tape or pin, cut	equipment	quality finish to	Use finishing
		and join fabric	including ICT.	the product	techniques to
		with			strengthen and



			some accuracy.		Weigh and measure accurately (time, dry ingredients, liquids). Use finishing techniques to strengthen and improve the appearance of their product using a range of equipment including ICT.	improve the appearance of their product using a range of equipment including ICT.
Evaluating processes and products	Start to evaluate their product by discussing how well it works in relation to the purpose (design criteria). When looking at existing products explain what they like and dislike about Products and why.	Evaluate their work against their design criteria. Look at a range of existing products explain what they like and dislike about Products and why. Start to evaluate their products as they are davalance	Start to evaluate their product against original design criteria <i>e.g.</i> <i>how well it meets</i> <i>its intended</i> <i>purpose</i> Begin to disassemble and evaluate familiar products and consider the views of others to improve them.	Evaluate their products carrying out appropriate tests. Start to their work both during and at the end of the assignment. Be able to disassemble and evaluate familiar products and consider the views of others to	Start to evaluate a product against the original design specification and by carrying out tests. Evaluate their work both during and at the end of the assignment. Begin to evaluate it personally and	Evaluate their products, identifying strengths and areas for development, and carrying out appropriate tests. Evaluate their work both during and at the end of the assignment. Record their



	Begin to evaluate their products as they are developed, identifying strengths and possible changes they might make.	strengths and possible changes they might make. With confidence talk about their ideas, saying what they like and dislike about them.	Evaluate the key designs of individuals in design and technology has helped shape the world.	Evaluate the key designs of individuals in design and technology has helped shape the world.	seek evaluation from others. Evaluate the key designs of individuals in design and technology has helped shape the world.	 using drawings with labels. Evaluate against their original criteria and suggest ways that their product could be improved. Evaluate the key designs of individuals in design and technology has helped shape the world.
Cooking and nutrition	Begin to understand that all food comes from plants or animals. Explore the understanding that food has to be farmed, grown	Understand that all food comes from plants or animals. Know that food has to be farmed, grown elsewhere (e.g. home) or caught.	Start to know that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK,	Understand that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK,	Understand that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK,	Know that food is grown (such as tomatoes, wheat and potatoes), reared (such as pigs, chickens and cattle) and caught (such as fish) in the UK,



elsewhere (e.g.	Understand how	Europe and the	Europe and the	Europe and the	Europe and the
home) or	to name and sort	wider world.	wider world.	wider world.	wider world.
caught.	foods into the				
	five groups in	Understand how	Understand how	Begin to	Understand that
Start to	'The Eat well	to prepare and	to prepare and	understand that	seasons may
understand how	plate'	cook a variety of	cook a variety of	seasons may	affect the food
to name and sort		predominantly	predominantly	affect the food	available.
foods into the	Know that	savoury dishes	savoury dishes	available.	
five groups in	everyone should	safely and	safely and		Understand how
'The Eat well	eat at	hygienically	hygienically	Understand how	food is
plate'	least five	including, where	including, where	food is	processed into
	portions of fruit	appropriate, the	appropriate, the	processed into	ingredients that
Begin to	and vegetables	use of a heat	use of a heat	ingredients that	can be eaten or
understand that	every day.	source.	source.	can be eaten or	used in cooking.
everyone should				used in cooking.	
eat at	Demonstrate	Begin to	Know how to use		Know how to
least five	how to prepare	understand how	a range of	Know how to	prepare and
portions of fruit	simple dishes	to use a range of	techniques such	prepare and	cook a variety of
and vegetables	safely and	techniques such	as peeling,	cook a variety of	predominantly
every day.	hygienically,	as peeling,	chopping, slicing,	predominantly	savoury dishes
	without using a	chopping, slicing,	grating, mixing,	savoury dishes	safely and
Know how to	heat source.	grating, mixing,	spreading,	safely and	hygienically
prepare simple		spreading,	kneading and	hygienically	including, where
dishes safely	Demonstrate	kneading and	baking.	including, where	appropriate, the
and hygienically,	how to use	baking.		appropriate, the	use of a heat
without using a	techniques such		Know that a	use of a heat	source
heat source.	as cutting,	Start to	healthy diet is	source	
	peeling and	understand that a	made up from a	O (1) (1)	Understand how
Know how to	grating.	healthy diet is	variety and	Start to	to use a range of
use techniques		made up from a	balance of	understand how	techniques such
such as		variety and	different food and	to use a range of	as peeling,
cutting, peeling		balance of	arink, as depicted	techniques such	cnopping,
and grating.		different food and		as peeling,	slicing, grating,
		drink, as depicted	plate	cnopping,	mixing,
				slicing, grating,	spreading,
		plate	Know that to be	mixing,	kneading and
			active and		baking.



	Begin to know that to be active and healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body.	healthy, food and drink are needed to provide energy for the body.	spreading, kneading and baking. Begin to understand that different food and drink contain different substances – nutrients, water and fibre – that are needed for health.	Know different food and drink contain different substances – nutrients, water and fibre – that are needed for health
DT1/1.4 Technical Knowledge should be integrated through all learning opportunities in Design and Technology. Most evidence of this can be found in Making -Working with Tools and Materials DT/1.2				